PLANNING FOR A PLAYFUL FUTURE

CONTENTS

Introduction: What is play?	Page 3
What do we already know?	Page 4
About the consultation	Page 5
Feedback from Children & Young People:	
 Top Trumps worksheets 	Page 6
• The "BEST" place	Page 10
 Nature 	Page 11
• Safety	Page 13
• Social	Page 14
• Imagination	Page 15
Close to home	Page 16
 Active 	Page 17
 Problems with current play spaces 	Page 18
Reactive Measures: How can we improve access and opportunities to	Page 19
Play in Leeds?	

INTRODUCTION

What is PLAY?

"Play is the universal language of childhood. It is through play that children understand each other and make sense of the world around them.

It is a process of observing, testing, trying, imitating, and enjoying the environment they are in and people they are with.

Play is what children naturally do when given freedom, time, and space."

(Play Scotland)

Our Legal Obligations

Leeds City Council's Commitment to Children's Play (2019)

"Children playing contributes towards a 'culture of childhood' where childhood is recognised as distinct and valuable time and in Leeds we want to foster and afford children the opportunity, time and space to play independently and with others, recognising children playing as essential to a happy, health childhood."

Child Friendly Leeds 12 Wishes: Wish 2

"Children and young people have safe spaces to play, hang out and have fun.



UN Convention on the Rights of the Child - Article 31

Article 31 1. States Parties recognize
the right of the child to rest and
leisure, to engage in play and
recreational activities appropriate to
the age of the child and to participate
freely in cultural life and the arts. 2.
States Parties shall respect and
promote the right of the child to
participate fully in cultural and artistic
life and shall encourage the provision
of appropriate and equal opportunities
for cultural, artistic, recreational and
leisure activity.

What do we already know?

(Leeds Play Sufficiency, 2023)

What is Play Sufficiency?

"Play sufficiency is about making sure children have enough **time**, **space and permission to play**. Sufficient opportunities for play are key to children's enjoyment of the cities, towns and communities they live in and are an essential part of any child-friendly initiative. Through playing children actively influence their **physical health and mental well-being**, **development and enjoyment of life**."

Play Sufficiency in Leeds

Leeds is the **first city in England to begin work on a Play Sufficiency Assessment**, following in the footsteps of Play Wales and Play Scotland. The Assessment is being led by Active Leeds, with the support of consultants from Ludicology, who provide advice, research and training to those working on children's play.

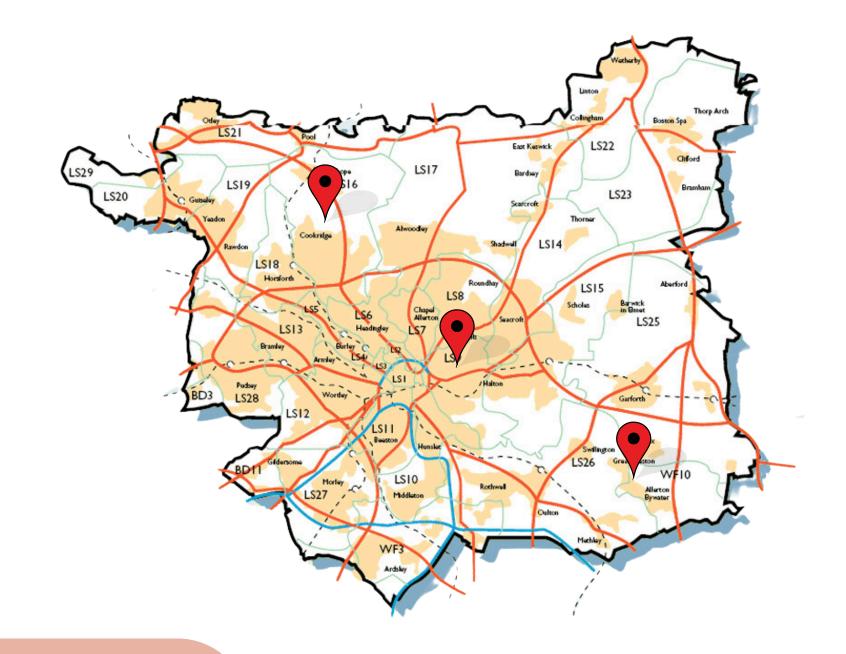
What do we already know?

- 23.5% of children however rated their opportunities for play as only being average or poor (this equates to about 1 in 4 children).
- For many children, streets are the only available play space.
- Many children are not allowed to play out due to 'risks', including: a fear of older children, anti-social behaviour and dogs off leads, drug dealing and drug litter; poorly lit areas; speed of traffic.
- Children shared that they craved nature in their play spaces: trees to swing on, and things to collect such as pine cones and conkers.

About the Consultation

We consulted with 173 primary age children between school years 3 to 6, across 3 schools.

The three schools we consulted with were Cookridge Primary School, St Patrick's Catholic Primary School and Great Preston CofE Primary School. The map highlights where these schools are in the city.



We designed a Top Trumps style worksheet to encourage the children to share their voices in a creative and playful way.

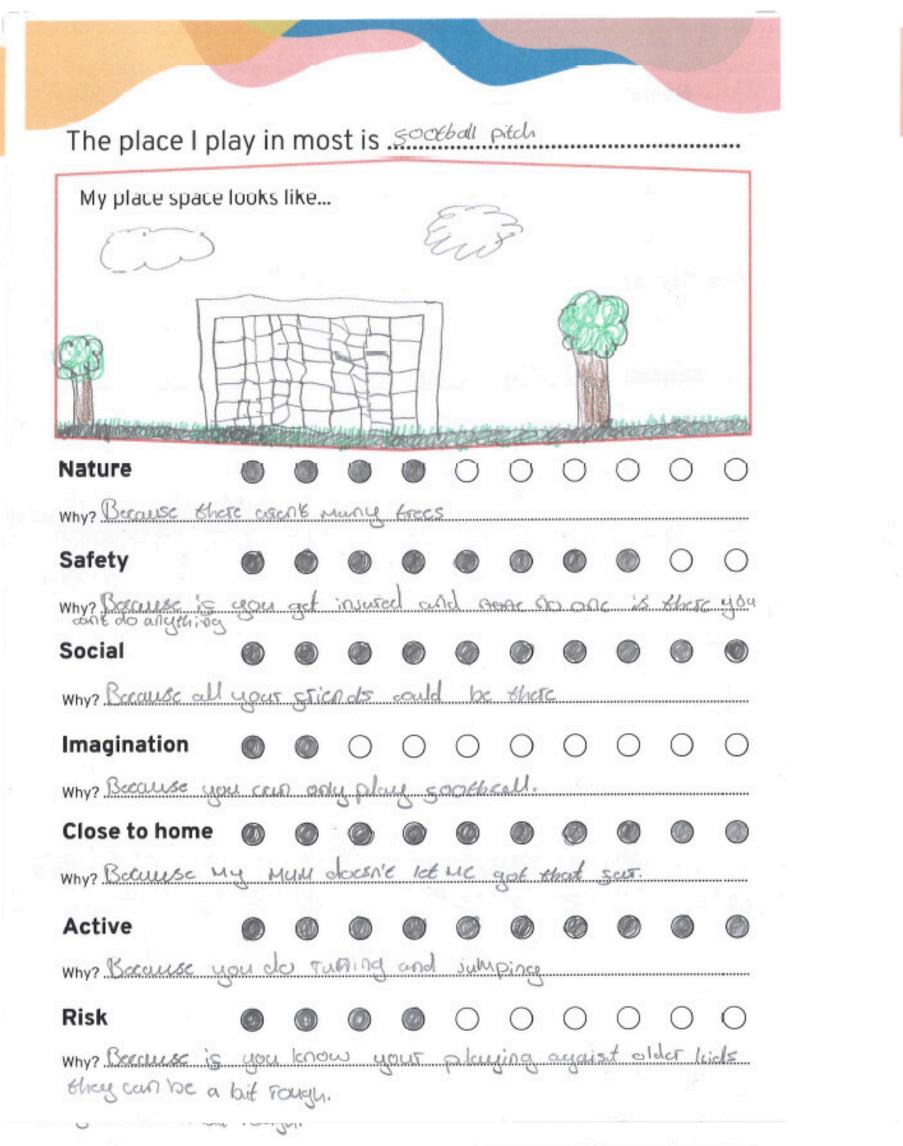
We asked the children to name the place they play in most, rather than the place they like to play the most, in order to identify the most frequently used spaces for play across Leeds.

We then asked them to draw that space, and rate it out of 10 across seven different categories: Nature, Safety, Social, Imagination, Close to home, Active and Risk. These themes were chosen based on Play Sufficiency guidelines about creating playful spaces, and we wanted to find out how the children and young people view the spaces they play in the most.

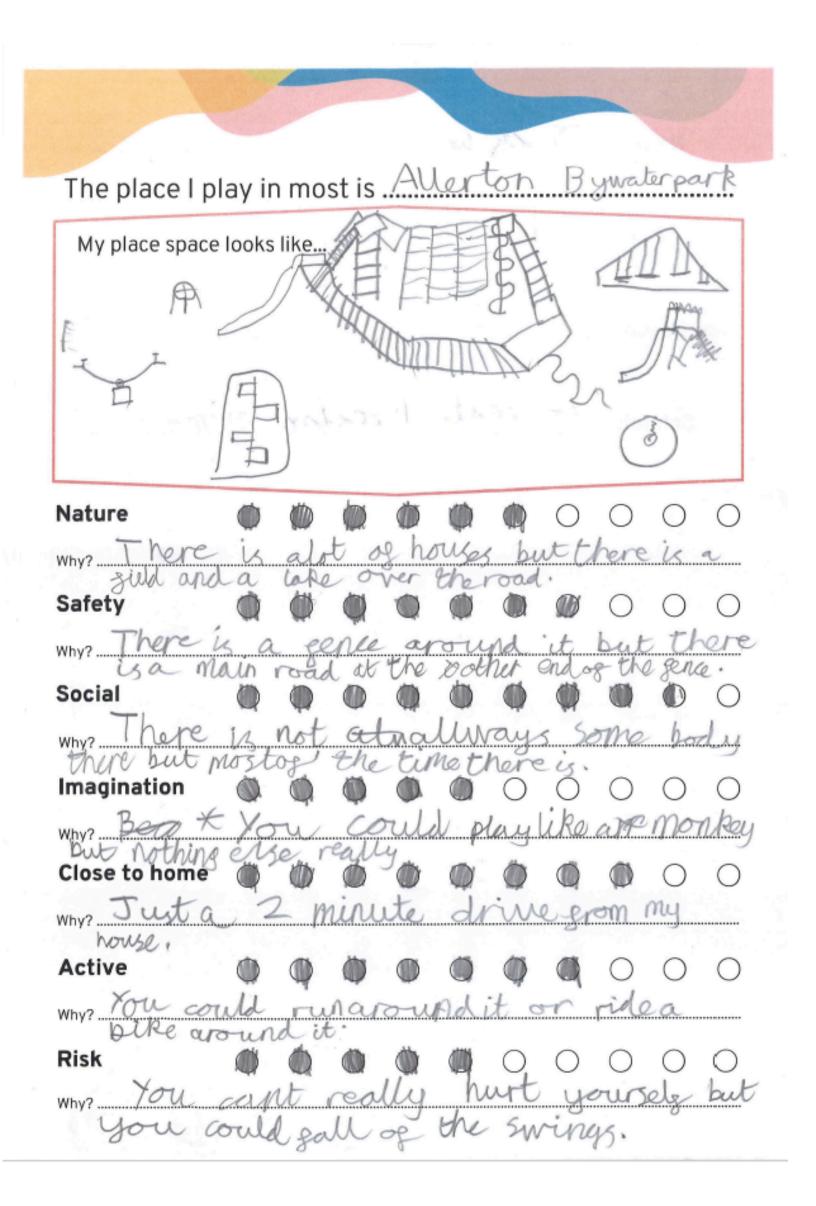
Across the next few pages, you can see some of the example worksheets completed by some of the children we consulted with.

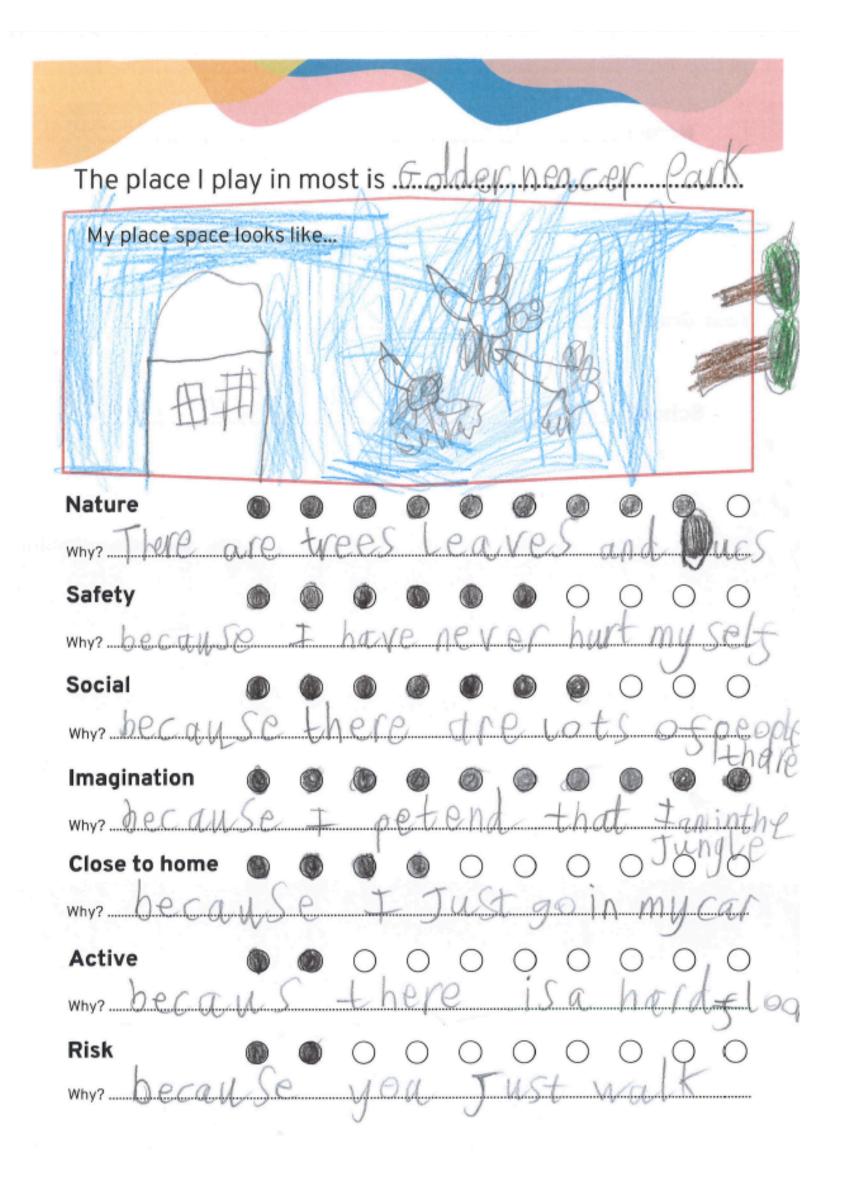
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My place space	looks	like								
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Social Why?		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Imagination			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Close to home				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Active Why?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Risk Why?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

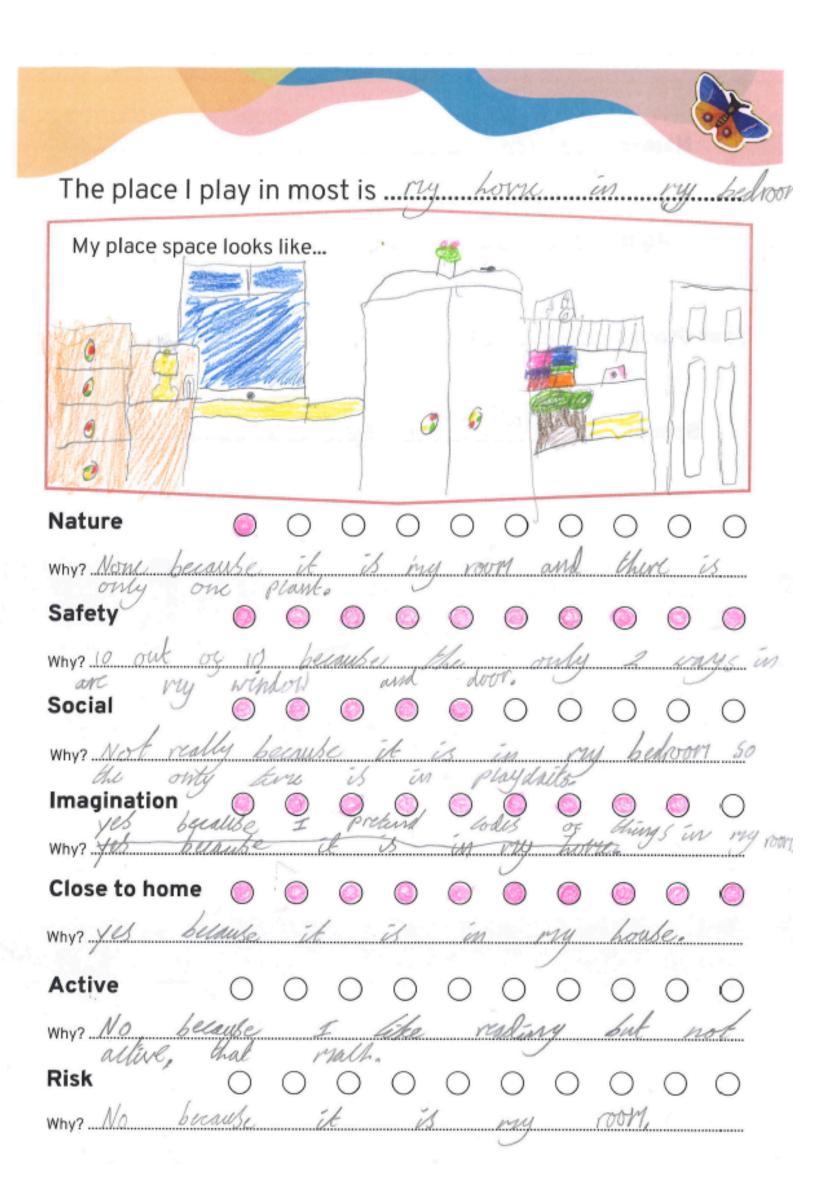
Activity Worksheets - Samples



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Close to home	n my	o o gate	O and		(I)	0 the	O e	0	<u> </u>
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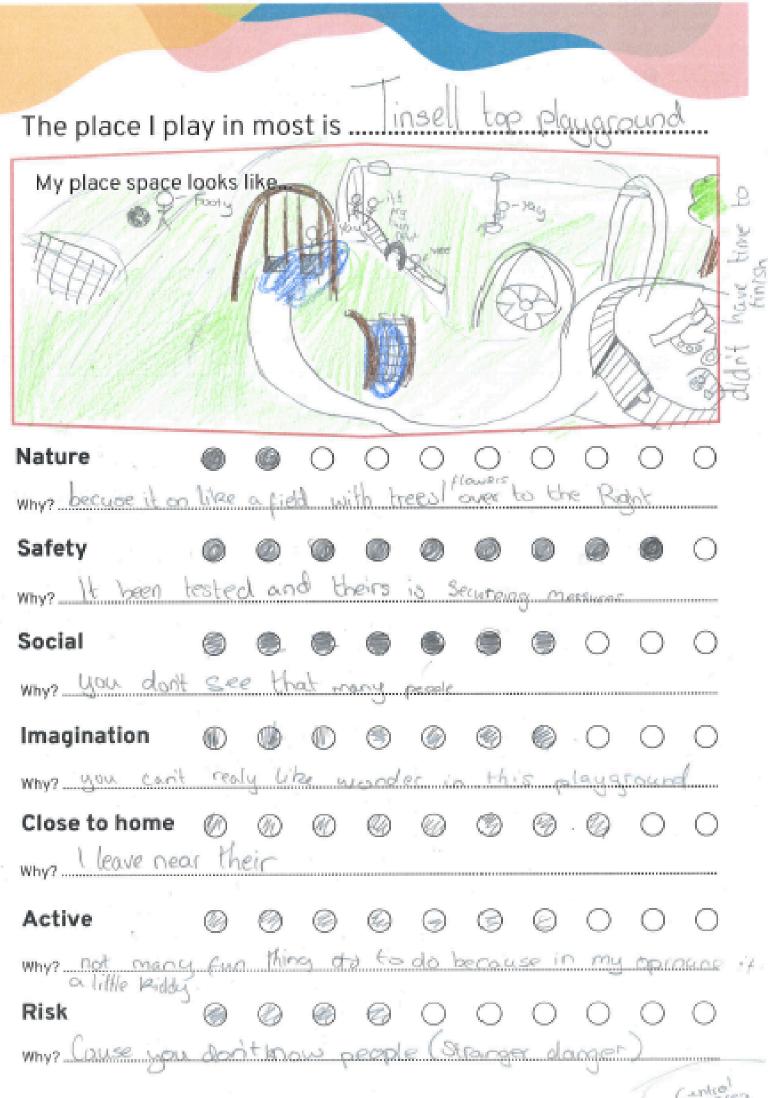




The place I play in most is Tella Dehund My place space looks like... Nature Safety Social Imagination Close to home Active

Cookridge Primary School, age 8

Great Preston CofE Primary School, age 10



Cookridge Primary School, age 10

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St Patrick's Catholic Primary School, age 8

The "BEST" place

Once the children had completed their worksheets analysing their individual play spaces, we conducted a group discussion exercise to find out what would make the 'best' place to play in according to children.

Like with the worksheets, we went through each category one by one to keep the data focused on Play Sufficiency guidance. For example, we asked: "What makes a place a ten-out-of-ten for nature?"

The following pages will take you through each category, highlighting the key themes shared by children about what would make spaces in Leeds the best spaces for play.





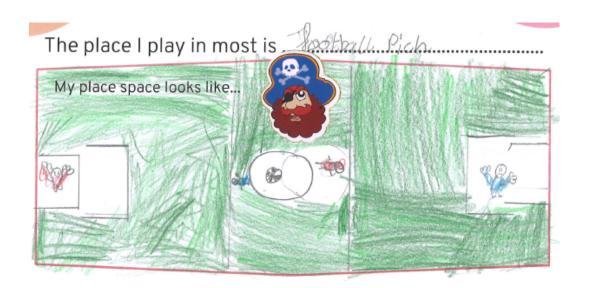
You will notice we haven't included a section dedicated to risk, even though that is one of the categories on the individual worksheets.

Throughout the individual exercises, many of the children found the concept of Risk to be a little abstract, and their responses often overlapped with the category of Safety.

We decided to remove risk from the Best Place group discussion to avoid confusion/overlapping answers. The issues we encountered were discussed with the project team for this consultation and we will look to find a new way to consult on the theme of Risk that is more engaging for the children and young people involved.

NATURE

Every child sees nature a bit differently. Here are a few drawings of some of the outdoor spaces that some of the children drew, alongside their descriptions of the spaces.



"Football pitch" - Burmantofts, age 8



"The small park near my house" - Burmantofts, age 11



"It's just rocks and grass."

"Tinsill Park" - Cookridge, age 10

"There are many trees and a farmer's field next to it and grass."



"St Aiden's Park" - Great Preston, age 10





"Golden Acre park" - Cookridge, age 8

We asked the children "What makes a space 10 out of 10 for nature?", and they told us these words and phrases.



animals

grass mud

SAFETY

CHILDREN FEEL SAFE WHEN...

"There are safety nets or soft ground to land on."



"There are safe indoor spaces."



"There's no smoking, vaping or drugs."



"There are gates and fences around an area."



"A space is clean no litter or broken glass."



"There is bike storage."



"There are people there to help."





"There are flood lights/street lights."



"There are different zones for different ages."





SOCIAL

This is what children tell us a **social** space looks and feels like.

"There are different activities and things to do."

"It's accessible."

"There are lots of other people and kids around."

"There's space to charge your phones."

"There space to do sports and get exercise."

"Somewhere that is in a

central meeting space so

everyone can get there."

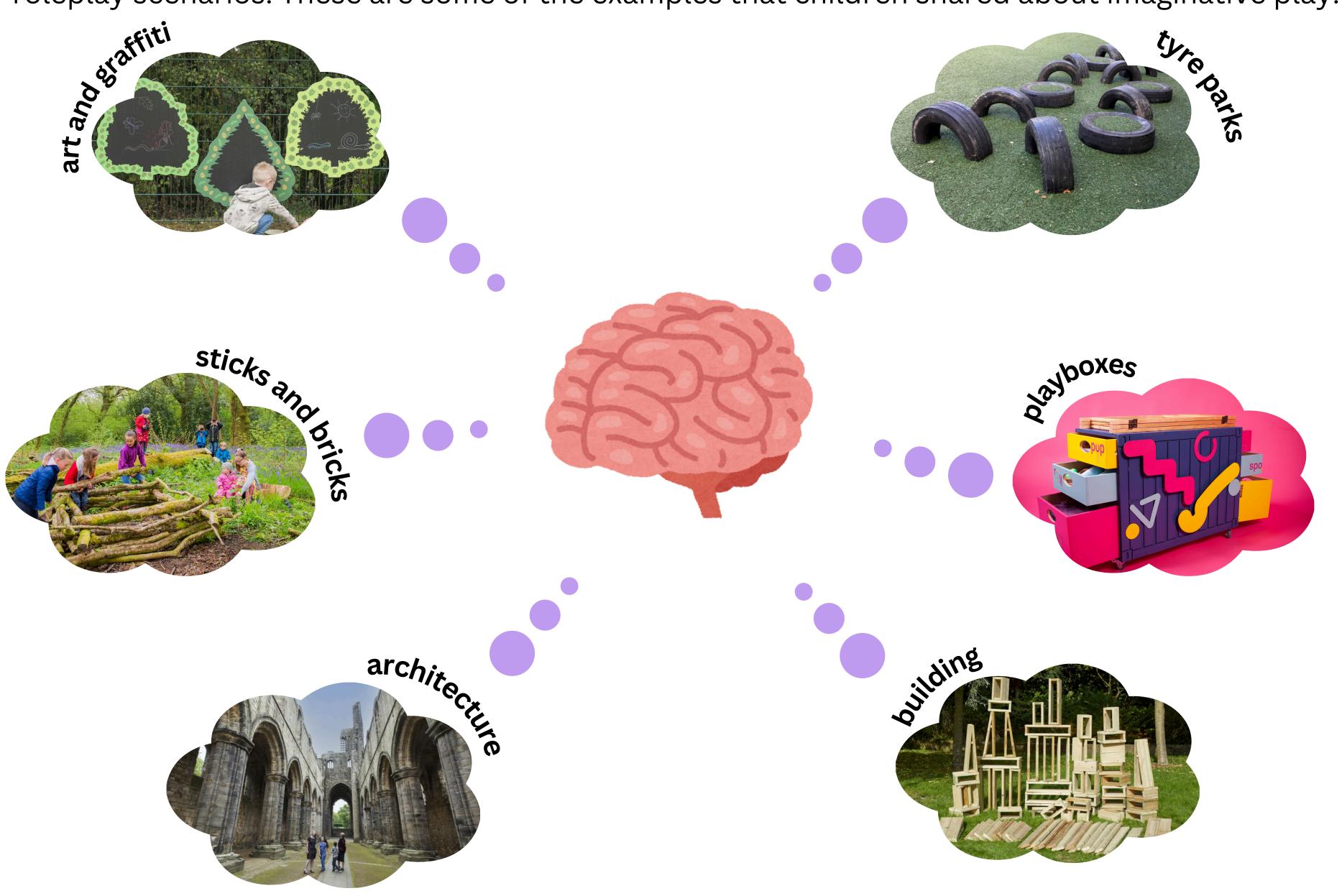
"There are lots of swings so we can all play together at the same time."

"I can hang out with my friends and my brothers."

"There's space where you can talk to each other."

IMAGINATION

Imaginative play is less structured and provides a space for children and young people to roleplay scenarios. These are some of the examples that children shared about imaginative play.



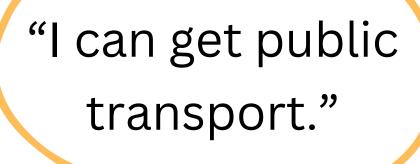
CLOSE TO HOME

"Close to home" can mean something different for every child and young person. Here's what some of the children told us about what counts as "close to home".







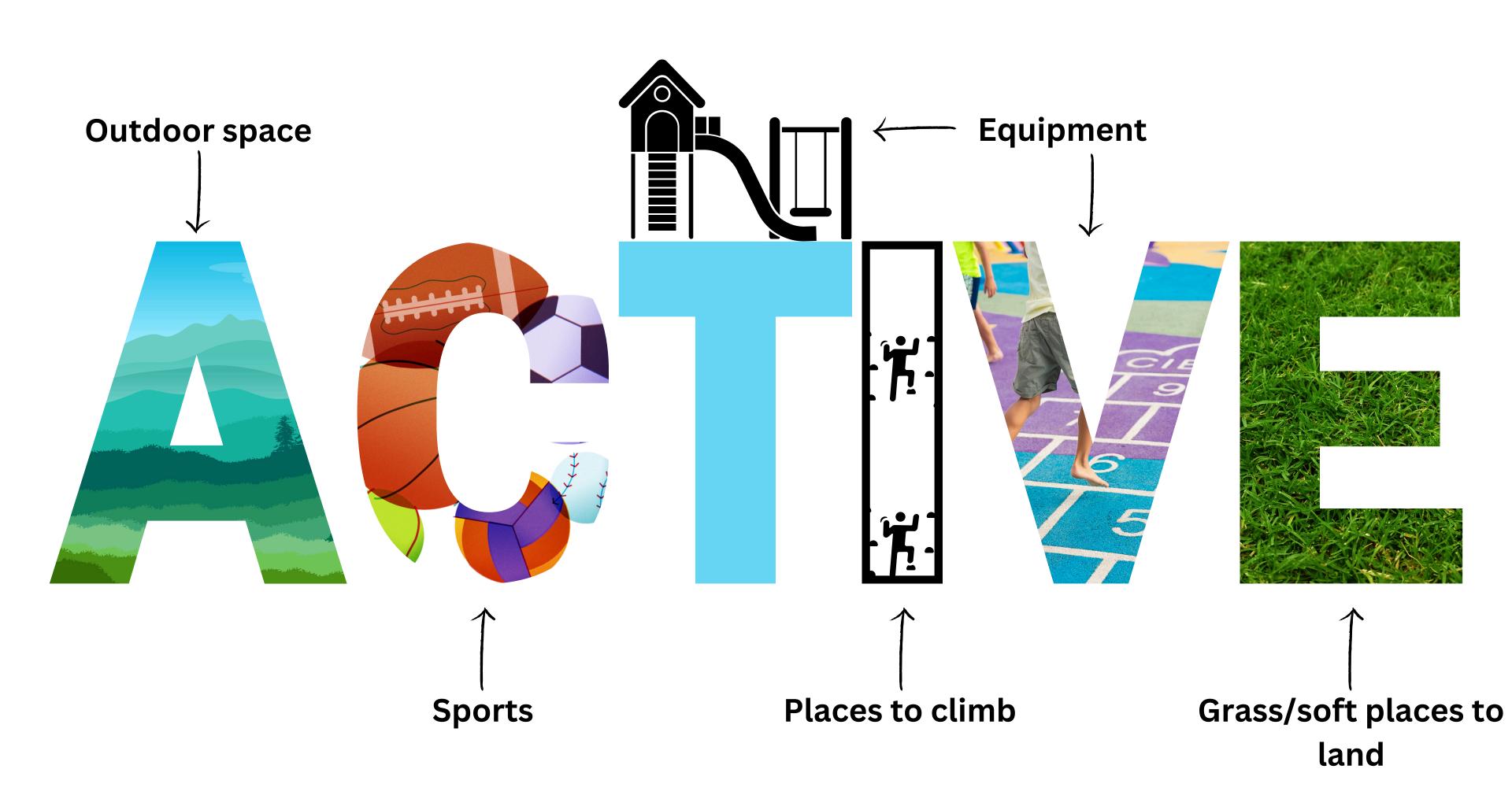






ACTIVE

Children and young people move and play in many different ways. Here's some examples of the ways they get "active", as well as ideas for how spaces can promote children to become more "active".



Problems with current play spaces

Finally, we asked the children and young people: "What DON'T you like about the spaces you play in?". Here is what they told us:



EQUIPMENT

Equipment is too high

Maintenance / Refurbishment

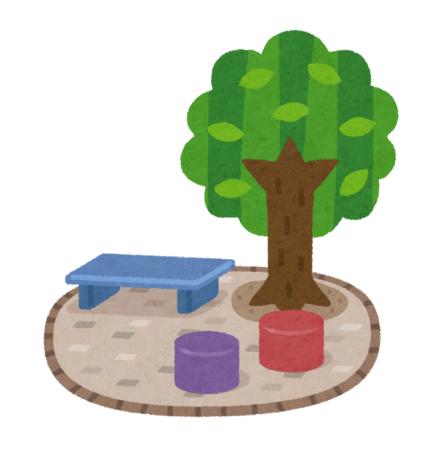
Boring equipment

Uneven bike paths

Rusty/worn equipment

Lack of accessible spaces

Not enough space





Strangers

No Wardens

Dog Walkers

Don't feel safe - teenagers



ENVIRONMENT

Big rocks you can trip over

Alcohol / Drugs / Vapes

Hard Ground

Litter / glass / dog poo

Autumn leaves and overgrown bushes

Darkness

Cars near the space

REACTIVE MEASURES

How should we react to improve access and opportunities to play in Leeds? Here are some key actions identified from the feedback from children and young people.



Plenty of bike storage



Different zones of play for different ages



Cigarette/Vape disposal bins to reduce litter.



Security personnel, wardens and/or Play Rangers to keep spaces safe for play



Well-lit areas and better lighting to keep spaces safe all year round.



Safety measures such as nets, soft surfaces (like grass) and fences to keep children safe.



Clear timelines for maintenance and refurbishment of play equipment



Innovative equipment to encourage play, such as Playboxes and tyre obstacle courses



Cleaning/Maintenance logs for outdoor place spaces



Spaces designed for teenagers to ensure all ages have appropriate spaces to play and hang out